

COMPILATION - FEEDBACK TO TF PROPOSALS FROM THE BOARD

MC 10/2024 Doc 5.1

14 October 2024

Name of proposed Task Force:	Main strengths:	Main weaknesses:	Recommend
1. Stand complexity in planted forests. Testing for resilience in commercial plantations	Strong IUFRO Division cross-cutting topic Strong interdisciplinary and interorganizational collaboration on a critical issue team The proposal addresses a relevant topic, in particular its linkages with the climate crisis and sustainable production and consumption. addresses a societal relevant question Good argument about why the project is relevant Important topic present in global discussions Clear outputs (and dissemination) Planted forests are important for fiber production and understanding other benefits is important. This task force is in line with the conclusions of the fifth International Congress on Planted Forests (2023) and the setup of a new definition of plantation by FAO for the Global Forest Resources Assessment 2020. The Congress made evident that planted forests are still as important for wood production as for their protection and ecosystem service provision functions, combining both purposes in most cases. This is a continuation of an existing task force. Good representation as it includes many divisions with potential to strengthen inter-divisional collaboration Diversified and senior team members Members including FAO representatives and many stakeholders involved in many international policy processes. Potential to strengthen the cooperation outside of IUFRO. strong links with NGOs, private companies	Not clear what the difference between the task force and the specific IUFRO Units dealing with Silviculture is. The term 'Stand complexity in planted forests' has not been fully defined. Not all Division coordinators have been approached. TF coordinator and deputies are all representing the Global North More members of social sciences could be considered Loose use of the term Global Change; the concept paper is country specific and species specific should avoid generalizing Is Manuel G still President nominee (as it is listed) or is he a former nominee? Need clarity Not very clear what activities and products will result of the task force. Gender diversity of the membership could not be seen with no gender indicated Lacks detail and feasibility on comparison methodology and trade-off analysis At present, it seems to include only one developing country (Brazil) as a case study Plantations could be controversial because they are observed as a threat to land use change; however, in some countries, there are not even inventories of planted forests.	YES

	with secured funding Diversity of nationalities embodied in members Large contribution to IUFRO Thematic Areas Large spectrum of scientific expertise Plantations, as explained in the introduction, require more attention, particularly in developing countries with large natural forest cover.	The introduction mentioned that public perception is negative toward intensively managed plantations; however, there is no involvement of Division 6 26 interactions could be ambitious	
African Forestry Research and Capacity Building	 KEFRI is the host for the IUFRO2029 WC Focus on a region where IUFRO wants to increase engagement Relevant issue and will hopefully strengthen the representation of African research institutes in IUFRO and thus global forest research. Activities, deliverables and their timelines clearly indicated. They want to address the need for stronger scientific leadership, improved research quality, and the translation of research into policy and practice, which are crucial for sustainable forest management and climate resilience in Africa Contribution to implementation of the IUFRO strategy and Broader policy processes. Capacity building and research are important areas to strengthening in Africa context Poor proposal, but very important Addresses the critical need for increased research capacity It is important to strengthen research and its consequent publications in Africa. Seems that proponents understand that one of the difficulties is the lack of capacities 	There is no clear indication about the IUFRO Units involved or the participating scientists. No specific Divisions mentioned Geographic, cultural and gender diversity not indicated Narrow focus as it focuses on one continent (Africa) Activities and governance not fully clear No mention of how funding will be secured Vague about capacity building outcomes and expectation Task force team small and not representing multiple divisions While the general idea is clear, the proposal is still too general in its scope and activities. Suggested to make it more focused on one or two aspects with clearer outcomes. The concept note lacks clarity. It seems very broad not focused on a particular challenge in forest education in Africa Suggest to clarifying the linkages with/contributions to IUFRO Strategy Lack of cross divisional expertise Risk of duplicating existing efforts or initiatives within IUFRO, which may lead to fragmentation of resources and confusion among stakeholders. The proposal needs clearer aims, targets and success measures. There seems to be little involvement with IUFRO divisions and special projects. Developing capacities to conduct and publish research requires more than one year; therefore, the deliverables could be reorganized to make publications for the 3er or 4th	More No than Yes

		 year. In the same line, training is the key point; therefore, more emphasis on training is required. It would be interesting to see what kind of training they are pursuing. Types of research? Philosophy of research? How to conduct a literature review? Techniques to understand research project? Social research? Etc. Including a budget is important. However, some of the training can be done online, which can reduce costs. If the proponents perceive that high cost, it is a weakness not to have the funding secure 	
3. Agroforestry	Diversified team members (16 researchers from 10 countries) from both the Global North and South with young scientists involved in membership	No mention about the contribution to IUFRO Strategy and how the Task Force will complement activities of existing IUFRO Divisional unit	Half No half yes
	Potential to strengthen inter-discipline research	Not clear what the difference is with the Unit on Agroforestry	
	Agroforestry is an important land use in parts of the world. The topic is	in Div. 1	
	relevant and knowledge sharing is valuable	Activities and governance not clear.	
	Agroforestry is one of the most important Nature based solutions for adaptation, mitigation and biodiversity in many contexts	Division coordinators not contacted	
	non-fashion topic, but for many developing countries	Limited cross-divisional collaboration. Mainly Divisions 1 and 9	
	The topic is relevant in the context of the climate and biodiversity	It ignores decades of ICRAF's work	
	challenges, and addresses sustainable livelihoods.	Output is a book, but the coordinator's publication	
	The proposal is relevant in terms of the Agenda 2030 and its SDGs, the Convention on Biological Diversity's Kunming-Montreal Global Diversity Framework and the UAE Framework for Global Climate Resilience. Agroforestry is an important topic in the tropics; it provides several ecological and socioeconomic benefits that perhaps have been disregarded.	experience is limited	
		No mention of Gender and Women in the text	
		Lacks women in TF core team	
		Objective is rather vague Agroforestry is a very broad concept for a task force. the focus must be on a very specific area	
	The book proposal is great. Hope this can be achieved, and the book will	Budget not secured	
	be distributed online.	Not clear what are the multidisciplinary components of agroforestry that will be addressed	
		It is important to mention the linkages with/contributions to IUFRO Strategy.	
		There is no clarity on how IUFRO Divisions will contribute	

4. Gender	Timely and important subject. Gender Equity, Diversity and Inclusion	No scientific publications by team members on 'diversity'	YES
Equity,	are all important areas for IUFRO to develop	Team's no/limited experience with diverse groups could	
Diversity and	Well written with clear objectives, activities and governance	impact outputs	
Inclusion in Forest-related	Building on the work of previous task forces on gender equality.	Unclear what 'marginalized' groups refer to (and	
Sectors	important cross division topic	marginalized from whose perspective)	
		Too many collaborators without clarity on their roles	
	inform IUFRO strategy with respect to diversity and inclusion They aim	Funding not mentioned	
	to advance the gender equity, diversity and inclusion agenda in forest- related sectors and support transformative change	This cuts across all IUFRO divisions, so surprising to only see D4, D5, D6 and D9 mentioned initially	
	helpful in the establishment of IUFRO EDI Committee	Narrow focus - Why only gender? Would building forward	
	The taskforce envisages to interact with many international institutions,	not also be trying to branch out to ethnicity and other forms	
	Non IUFRO member is also considered	of diversity? Also, active researchers in Div7 not included	
	Strong team, Large, confirmed member (43) from many countries, from	African experts are less represented	
	all continents	More members from Asia could be considered	
	The composition of the proposed TF reflects a diversity of regions (just	Not specific on what "forest related sectors" mean	
	Potential to strengthen inter-divisional collaboration and collaboration with IUERO partners	How this is different to unit 6.08.01?	
		How this builds on previous gender related task forces such as Gender equality task force?	
		What is "transformative change" ?	
		How inclusive has been the process to involve the listed potential members?	
		Suggest adding the linkages with/contribution to IUFRO Strategy.	
		recommend including more information on the expected outcomes/products in the full proposal.	
		Too many people to coordinate, and there is no regional balance. According to the table, there seems to be a strong group from Europe, but Latin America, Asia, and Africa are at a disadvantage	
5. Continuous	CCF topic is widely researched in SLU and Sweden	Poorly written.	NO
Cover Forestry	Highly relevant to areas where CCF is the dominant silvicultural system.	Activities and governance not clear.	
for better forest	CCF hold promising in forest ecosystem resilience to climate change	Division coordinators not contacted.	
resilience and		Could also be slightly too ambitious in the goals	

greater	Interesting approach to forest management in an era that attention is	Weak outputs	
societal	on "carbon optimality and capture" and minimizing impacts of clearcuts	Lacks depth in the concept paper (unclear study area)	
welfare	and forest harvesting	No mention of funding	
	The taskforce is to strengthen the knowledge base for CCF with the	Too technical and Europe-centric.	
	objective to bring together the difference research subjects/ researchers represented by/in the different divisions	Only D1 and D4. Should have broader input from other	
	Potential to contribute to the broader policy process;	divisions Currently no other researchers are named than the	
	Goal and objectives clearly mentioned.	task force leader and deputy.	
	To someone from the tropics, this is a new concept and perhaps	Members of the TF seems few (2, both coordinators)	
	foresters from other latitudes need to understand more about it and be	Geographic, cultural and gender diversity not mentioned;	
	aware of its benefits.	Lack of timelines for tasks	
	The proposal includes developing educational material.	Absence of clarity of operational aspects	
		it seems not to be focused on the tropical forest. It does not have to be, but it will be important to understand on what type of ecosystems this is focused.	
		How is this different to similar forest management practices such as selective logging in the tropics	
		It does not mention potential negative impacts and leakage of this approach (if any)	
		The focus on promoting CCF without explicitly addressing potential downsides or challenges may lead to biased outcomes	
6. Post-War	Clear objectives	It has not been highlighted why post-war restoration is	Half No half
Forest	Forest landscape restoration is important and relevant (hence the past	different from other types of restoration after disturbance.	yes
Landscape Restoration:	FLR task force). Relevant seeing all global conflicts. Important to gather	Activities and governance not clear.	
Make it back	knowledge on what is needed after conflicts Important in addressing severe deforestation and forest degradation in areas affected by war	The activities (3) didn't match with the objectives (9)	
better		Division coordinators not contacted	
	The taskforce team are senior people, diversified IUFRO divisions, and four countries	Too ambitious project for TF: 'post war' restoration concept	
	Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline	is vague in given current scenario Claims for Global network,	
	collaboration;	but the TF team is all from Global North	
	TF Needed regarding the geopolitical environment of Europe	Lacks what they propose as outputs	
	Intergenerational collaboration to achieve the TF goals is highlighted	No information about budget or no need, as the activities will be implemented virtually.	
	Interesting and innovative		

	An ambitious proposal, particularly regarding long-term objectives. It would be important to clarify whether those are expected to be part of the TF outcomes, or they are envisioned future work of a potential network arising from the TF after it concludes its term.	Lack of timelines for tasks, as the suggested time frame might not allow to accomplish all the long-term objectives. It seems to be a regional imbalance in the group of proponents. If this should be a global project there is a need to include participants from the other regions. Absence of clarity of operational aspects It would be good to understand if the focus is restoration of the structure of the forest or function It will be interesting to add examples from places where	
		peace has arrived after long periods of civil war such as Colombia, Guatemala and El Salvador. suggest adding the linkages with/contributions to IUFRO Strategy	
7. Building an integrated view of forest- based bioeconomy	Important topic and IUFRO could benefit if tapped nicely Purpose-build forest-based bioeconomy for different countries. Objectives clear and proposed governance suitable Well written, task force objective placed into context. Forests / trees are an important	Interesting but not clear about what authors define as bioeconomy as the definition is very broad If it is global focused, then the TF panel is problematic (all Global North) the concept paper seems to be Finland focused	YES
Socconomy	part of the bioeconomy and this fits well with IUFRO strategy activities and deliverables clearly embodied Multi-divisions involved. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline collaboration;	should avoid generalizing. Geographic and gender diversity not mentioned in membership (potentially regional imbalance in the core team)	
	Its objectives align with IUFRO strategy, contribution to the IUFRO Strategy. Potential to contribute to the broader policy process. Facilitate active dialogue at all institutional levels to elucidate how to make and strengthen relationships.	While the concept note refers to the "Global South", all the proponents are based on developed countries, mostly in the EU. We suggest inviting participants from other regions to improve the geographical balance it uses the vague term Global Change	
	The leadership and core-team are already established Involves members from most of the IUFRO Divisions The taskforce team are senior people of different countries. Some participated in the previous task force.	objective and activities of the TF are not very convincing No information about budget or no need, as the activities will be implemented virtually.	
	Interesting but still forest biobased bioeconomy is a vision that it has been difficult to materialize as it not only depends of forest but many other enabling conditions many of which are not in place	Lack of timelines for tasks I suggest narrowing the scope in the full proposal, as the bio- economy is too broad Division 7 can provide input since the bioeconomy relies on healthy forests. There are many forest	

		health issues that can cause a reduction in anticipated forest productivity, thus affecting the bioeconomy. Absence of clarity of operational aspects	
8. Bamboo and Other Biomaterials for Combating Plastic Pollution	Relevant topic Reducing plastic consumption and waste while promoting renewables is very good. Relevant question for society Important in addressing plastic pollution Align with the emerging initiative. Contribution to the Broader Policy The task force members are senior people of different countries (32 people, of which 8 are female) More than fifty nationalities are included with a strong intercontinental collaboration A strong team behind the taskforce. involves members from most of the IUFRO Divisions Potential to strengthen inter-divisional collaboration and collaboration with INBAR, and other partners Process. Objectives, activities clearly mentioned. Potential to contribute to IUFRO Strategy	Subject area rather constrained so not very cross-cutting across divisions. Limited scope with an overemphasis on bamboo. Wood, in general, offers significant potential as an alternative to plastic, and exploring a wider range of wood-based solutions could strengthen the TF's impact and relevance Governance not clear The aspect of plastic pollution does not reflect in any proposed activities The title needs some change; combating plastic pollution is a huge issue. Perhaps something like an alternative to reduce plastic use or not to mention plastic. The proposed activities are general and lacks any specific outputs Bamboo can be a weed species; this should be included. Bamboo can be a weed species; this should be included. Bamboo can be invasive in many regions Unclear how an integrated view will be achieved by primarily engaging IUFRO researchers as a truly integrated perspective necessitates a broader societal view, incorporating diverse stakeholders even beyond the forestry community. How this is different to 5.11.05 Does not list specific collaboration among IUFRO divisions although a list of potential members is included No information about budget or no need, as the activities will be implemented virtually. Lack of timelines for tasks Absence of clarity of operational aspects Risk of duplicating existing efforts or initiatives within IUFRO, which may lead to fragmentation of resources and confusion among stakeholders. Why promoting a genus only?	More No than Yes

		It would be useful to have a reference to the IUFRO Strategy	
		The document needs clarify whether it is only bamboo or other biomaterials.	
		There are too many people involved; perhaps coordination will be a challenge	
9. Monitoring	Understanding biotic and abiotic disturbances	European focused	More Yes than
biotic and abiotic forest	Potential to strengthen collaboration with non-IUFRO partners and involvement of global south.	Unclear why they want to address India and China (none of the TF committee members are from those region)	No
disturbance	Extensive spatial scales, from continental to global, fostering comprehensive insights into forest health.	Gender diversity should be further indicated in the full proposal	
	TF will provide critical decision-making support for enhancing forest resilience through advanced disturbance modeling.	Deliverables are not mentioned rather focus is on dissemination techniques	
	Interesting especially as many ecosystems are shifting due to changes in	Technical focus for IUFRO Div 7	
	climate patterns.	Only D4, D6, D7, and D8 mentioned, but it is relevant to	
	Important subject and logical follow-up from the Tree mortality Task force.	other divisions Probably the biotic damage will be limited to one or a few species.	
	Strong team, Hendrik Hartmann has led a very successful TF on tree mortality. Experienced and diversified team members from different countries	It seems to be focused on tree mortality mainly, how this is different from previous tree mortality task force and how it builds from this experience? Seems to be a continuation of	
	The new task force will consider geographical, cultural and gender diversity, and will provide opportunities for early-career scientists for both membership composition and networking activities Well-written	the previous TF No information about budget or no need, as the activities will be implemented virtually	
	with clear objectives	Absence of clarity of operational aspects	
	A global scale is very important and relates to the provision of ecosystem services, etc.	Risk of duplicating existing efforts or initiatives within IUFRO, which may lead to fragmentation of resources and confusion	
	The subject is very relevant, and the objective are ambitious but	among stakeholders.	
	obtainable.	Do not see evidence that is cross-division issue	
	Inter-divisional collaboration; Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline collaboration	I suggest including the linkages with/contributions to IUFRO Strategy in the full proposal	
	Deliverables clearly mentioned. Potential to contribute to IUFRO Strategy.	Not clear how they are planning to inform policy	
	A very practical and relevant proposal. I suggest looking into potential synergies with the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF)	There is not a concrete list of researchers and their origin	

10. Scaling-Up Science-based Forest Sector Innovation	Scaling up and innovation are hot topics with major knowledge gaps. The proposal gives the impression that it will work towards identifying potential for innovations in all areas of IUFRO divisions. Also, that it will function as a bridge between the divisions. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline collaboration Geographic, gender diversity, scientists from both social and natural sciences, and young scientists considered in membership proposal; Objectives, activities and deliverables clearly indicated. Governance of task force well defined Good publication record on forest innovation Collaboration with FAO and INRAE; provides an opportunity for IUFRO to work closely Potential to contribute to broader policy processes and IUFRO strategy Innovation drives sustainable forest management, enhancing forest contributions to achieving the SDGs and Global Forest Goals This TF can improve forest monitoring, conservation practices, and sustainable resource use, increasing forest resilience and productivity. Unique TF structure (i.e., regional co-leads, steering committee, open membership)	The proposal claims to be interdisciplinary across Natural and Social Sciences, but fails to reflect it; is the focus too wide? Unclear what is meant by innovation. In that sense the actual products of the task force are rather unclear I believe that all divisions can scaleup their respective findings Very Broad in a sense that innovation exists in every aspect of forestry. The TF tackles a broad and complex concept (innovation) which can be interpreted and applied in numerous ways across various perspectives, needs, sectors, and stakeholder groups. This ambitious scope may make it challenging to achieve focused and meaningful outcomes. Lack of clarity of tangible outcomes and deliverables. Lacks details about funding With the FAO leading this proposal, a Task Force may not be the right instrument to implement the proposed joint activities. It may rather be suggested signing an MoU to implement collaborative action, using the proposal as a basis for this	YES
11. Forest Living Labs for Sustainable Climate Adaptation (FORLIVS)	Network of Living labs for forests much needed. Living labs are an interesting approach in Europe to convene different actors Cross-cutting across divisions. All divisions interested A valuable contribution to infrastructure for forest research No international network of forest living labs exists to date, while there are living labs in different latitudes. The proposal addresses a relevant topic and has the potential to produce a good contribution. All Division coordinators contacted, interdisciplinary cooperation, particularly among scientists in the biological sciences and the humanities and social sciences Large spectrum of scientific expertise Gender and geographical diversity I see points of contact with proposal 22, so I suggest merging both proposals into one. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline collaboration,	The "living lab" concept seems to be a very European model. I suggest looking into a more region-neutral label or address how the proponents intend to have a more flexible Specific deliverables should be complemented approach to make their work relevant for other regions Concrete activities not yet fully defined It seems very general Absence of clarity of operational aspects Funding issue not mentioned There is a huge list of people either supporting or interested in the TF. The full proposal should address how the proponents intend to work with such a large group. There is no clarify on how the divisions will be involved Needs to clarify its contribution to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy	YES

	Living labs represent long-term research opportunities for forest science.	How is this different from the model forest network? The product of the TF will be an infrastructure to use for research locally and globally but research products will be secondary as far as we can see in the time frame of the TF	
12. Health, safety, and social dimensions of forest restoration operations	Subject interesting and timely Worker health and safety is an important consideration in FLR work (all forest operations discipline collaboration) There is a need to monitor and evaluate how restoration has been implemented Objectives, activities and deliverables as well as budget clearly indicated. Clear pre-designed outputs that is good for IUFRO TF Potential to strengthen inter-divisional work Potential to contribute to broader policy processes and IUFRO strategy Gender diversity considered in the TF lead Well-known task force coordinators and the research team has strong experience in the field It seems that finding is secure	 Not cross-cutting across many Divisions (unit and division coordinators not yet contacted). Concrete activities not fully ambitious. Governance not clear Regional imbalance. All TF members are Global North. Geographic diversity should be further strengthened No social scientist or forest health expert in the team Forest health and wellbeing of Div6 would be a good match. Not a single proposed activities address 'social dimension' I suggest removing the term social from this TF concept paper. This could be expanded to other activities such as harvesting and replanting in routine forest operations The question on how the proposed Task Force will strengthen cross-Divisional interaction on specified topics related to IUFRO Strategy's Thematic Areas and/or Institutional Goals, and how the Task Force will complement and/or expand activities of existing IUFRO Divisional units, should be answered 	More Yes than No
13. Al for Forest Science	Subject timely and necessary New emerging topic AI is topical and important, so a task force seems relevant AI is a tool that will make its entrance into forest science. The task force has as aim to combine global AI developments with Forest Science and develop AI based tools and models. The team is well represented among the relevant divisions With support from Divisions 1, 4 and 9 Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter- discipline collaboration The concept note seems well prepared Objectives, activities and deliverables clearly indicated. Potential to contribute to the IUFRO Strategy; Geographic and gender diversity embodied in the membership	 Not cross-cutting across many Divisions but could be as AI affects all units Technical panel on this topic from Congress 2024 should be tapped -Funding is unclear The task force coordinators are not listed Team lacks publications on AI topic They mention pests but don't include Division 7. This touches all IUFRO division specially 3 that focus in the "how" and implementation The objectives and goals are very elaborate. The success of the TF might be higher if focusing on fewer and more defined goals, especially as AI has an enormous breadth. 	YES

	Cross-disciplinary collaboration, develop AI-driven tools and models, and drive innovation in forest research and management hold promising Ambitious scope, will need to narrow down when preparing the full	Also, a review of the current use of AI in Forest Science could be a good product to start with to focus the task force	
	proposal Some of the activities are feasible to implement	Unclear outputs Lack of the specific deliverables and timelines	
		Budget is not indicated	
		I suggest being less technologically optimistic and have a more neutral approach to AI. Special care should be given to providing AI with some kind of agency in terms of policy, particularly "policy influence", as might entail the risk of encouraging manipulative conduct in the era of "post-truth" and "fake news".	
		I suggest to narrow the scope to specific aspects of AI that the Task force will focus.	
		Are ethical consideration on AI included?	
		Limited scope of AI applications, primarily focusing on remote sensing and forest modeling, whereas there are a lot more applications, such as precision forestry and automation of forest operations.	
		Unsure how the proposed AI algorithm/tools can be effectively applied in diverse contexts and for various purposes globally. The reliance on region- and purpose- specific training data raises concerns about the generalizability and scalability of the proposed development	
		Establishing a platform, which is the first activity, is very expensive, and the proposal does not mention secure funding.	
		It seems that the pilot project is not yet concrete, and this could be a problem since the development of the AI will last two to three years.	
		There is not clarity on how to influence policy since they do not know which case study will serve as a pilot.	
14. Interaction	This is an important topic and highly relevant for forest resource	Ambitious with many collaborators	YES
and Synergy	management and forest product utilization, strong subject. An integrated	Lacks funding commitment	

of Carbon	view on carbon dynamics in forests is necessary to fully understand the	The time period 2025-27 is tight to accomplish all activities	
"3S" (Sink, Storage and	contribution of forest to carbon mitigation. This task force is aiming to provide this overview beyond growing of trees.	Hope the deputy coordinator from Africa will be actively involved	
Substitution) in Forest Value Chains	Very well written text. Clear justification of work and description of activities Action plan well prepared The activities and outputs are well	Division 7 can also contribute to this through the activities of WP 7.02.01, which studies decay	
	thought of Wide diversity in the team and has made a good attempt to be inclusive. With experts involved across 6 divisions. The task force involves 31 identified members (who have given their formal consent) from different countries	The connection to decision-makers in the value-chain is weak even though they will have to convince the stakeholders to manage forests to obtain synergies Risk of duplicating existing efforts or initiatives within IUFRO, which may lead to fragmentation of resources and	
	Multi-divisions involved. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter- discipline collaboration;	confusion among stakeholders. Suggest consider also the correlation of carbon and other	
	Contribution to strengthen the cooperation with partners outside of IUFRO, including FAO, INBAR, CIFOR-ICRAF etc;	co-benefits from the forest such as biodiversity and how value chains affect this telated to the 3S's	
	Geographic, gender diversity, scientists from both social and natural sciences, and young scientists involvement embodied;	The list of participants is large. It will need to address the way to work effectively in the full proposal	
	It has clear policy implications for 2030 targets Relevant topic in the light of the UNFCCC and its Paris Agreement and the UAE Framework for Global Climate Resilience, addressing the challenge of climate change, with linkages to the Agenda 2030 and its SDGs.		
	Clear linkages to IUFRO Strategy		
15. Forest- Water- Livelihood- Governance	The provision of water is a very important ecosystem service. The relation Forest water governance is key in the political discussions on the role of forests. It may also relate to the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction	This should have a global focus; not sure that this is stated Ignores all the work been done on forest-water nexus The goals would be stronger when formulated as products	YES
Nexus	Very well written text. Clear justification of work and description of	Budget is not indicated Too many stakeholders without clarity on how they will	
	activities Clear outputs and activities Asia/China focus with involvement of other regions	contribute	
	Highly diverse TF members, over 40 Task Force members confirmed The Task Force membership is well-balanced to reflect scientific and management expertise, geographical, cultural, gender and age diversity	Majority are men Consider deputies from Africa and Latin America as they can enrich the governance piece	
	Multidivisions involved. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter- discipline collaboration;	I suggest clarifying the contributions to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy in the full proposal	
	Good to have linkages with the FAO and IAHS Important topic with the changes in precipitation patterns globally	The objectives and the activities are not interrelated. All the activities are about workshop and networking;	

	Currently, there is no IUFRO research division addressing this topic, which transcends several IUFRO divisions. Geographic, gender diversity, scientists from both social and natural sciences, and young scientists involvement embodied; Potential to contribute to broader policy processes and IUFRO strategy Continuing efforts on this particular important issue, related to SDG It is the first task force that I see addresses governance directly	however, objectives 3 and 4 are not reflected in the activities.	
16. A worldwide research on Climate change and Education The second international conference on forest education	Education related to climate change is critical for climate change adaptation Education is the corner stone for progress and therefore the task force subject is important. The TF aims to fill the gap between science and educational-outreach which is important for science-based policy making Climate change and education are both relevant but immense areas Forest education needs to be explored continuously.	Inappropriate as is a description of a conference to be held Proposals are incomplete A good fit for D6 Forest education No secured funding, and lacks funding experience Both the proposal fails to present members Expects IUFRO to pay 250,000Euros? Leadership and governance structure not well developed Currently only the application is mentioned in the proposal. It is unclear how the applicant is going to expand the members of the taskforce. The conference is not really a TF subject? IUFRO divisions to work with not identified; activities for five years not clear Across divisionally approach is needed to be clearly mentioned not just a general statement No large spectrum of scientific expertise No description of specific proposed Task Force activities, deliverables and timelines. 50,000 Euro as TF budget seems very limited regarding the thematic Specific activities, deliverables, specific consideration of multi-divisional collaboration and membership lacked; narrow topic, it's only about organizing the conference. Lack of a clear and focused objective. While it touches upon various aspects like education, best practices, deeper	NO

		understanding of climate science, these elements aren't effectively linked and organized around a central purpose No clear cross-divisional work. No clear gender and geographical balance It would need to clarify the linkages to IUFRO Strategy The task force is somehow weak; it only proposes the Second International Conference, which is very important and, of course, it is an activity that requires time and money. However, this activity can be part of Unit 6.09, perhaps. There is not involvement of other divisions.	
17. Legacy Forest data and related resources	Important topic to 'save' forest data Digitization and curation of legacy data will save data from being lost and provide access to other users. The TF proposes to work towards saving non-digitized data for prosperity and make them accessible to a large public. Focuses on rescuing and digitizing valuable legacy forest data, which can enhance understanding of historical biodiversity and land management practices.	Technical/ Natural science focused primarily on Europe, but aims to include other regions Will be difficult to fulfil as it depends on the will of people to input data into a database (not defined). Not clear how the different formats and languages will be handled. May be better as a funded project rather than a voluntary task force	NO
	Funding (some part) is secured Taskforce members are large and well distributed in different regions Geographical and gender balance Several members of the TF have experience with curation of older and grey data sources Activities are well prepared Multi-divisions approached. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional	Too many collaborators so it is unclear what role each of these 30+ members would play in TF Copyright and ethical dimension of data collection unclear; how IUFRO will benefit from such repository is unclear Many institutions are working through this process with open data initiatives. There are intellectual property and ownership issues with data that could pose problems for the initiative	
	collaboration Strong proposal to develop a robust database for decision-making across the Global South, Engages a diverse range of stakeholders from various IUFRO divisions and regions, promoting interdisciplinary cooperation and knowledge sharing. Supports the UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration by providing critical historical data to inform ecological restoration efforts and enhance biodiversity conservation.	Very broad as data is a very general term and could be anything I suggest clarifying the contributions to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy Interesting topic but how effective a task force can be to rescue forest data and related issues; it seems to me it needs certain infrastructure that a task force budget may not provide specially in a voluntary effort	

18. The impact of	Understanding soil carbon dynamics and biodiversity is important for climate change adaptation / mitigation The TF proposed to focus on the	Unclear activities required for global collaboration. Limited research focus Making legacy data accessible in multiple languages and formats could present logistical challenges, complicating the dissemination of information. Need to elaborate more on how to leverage this aspect Securing consistent funding for curation and digitization efforts may be difficult, potentially hindering the initiative's sustainability. Need to elaborate more on how to leverage this aspect I wonder it they will find issues of property rights and how to solve that problem Targets Europe and Asia; would be good to include other regions as well	More Yes than No
biodiversity on carbon related ecosystem services provided by soils of managed forests	influence of biodiversity (microbiome) on carbon sequestration. Large contribution to IUFRO Thematic Areas; Across divisional proposal TF will leverage on two big (EU scale) projects, a good plan for securing funding Forestry sector in EU has good funding to support them Large spectrum of scientific expertise. The TF topic is multidisciplinary in its nature and directly bridges two IUFRO divisions	Reads more like a project proposal than a task force. Subject rather constrained. The TF team is not mentioned Desk/ literature review kind of findings without primary data. The topic includes several IUFRO divisions but the TF seems to lack consolidation in those divisions with many of the TF participants being non-IUFRO members. The question on how the proposed Task Force will strengthen cross-Divisional interaction on specified topics related to IUFRO Strategy's Thematic Areas and/or Institutional Goals, and how the Task Force will complement and/or expand activities of existing IUFRO Divisional units, should be answered The topic is not quite clear for me. The proposal does not have clear objectives, contributions from divisions, how to include regional and gender balance. Activities are not clearly described. Need to elaborate more on the policy aspect, particularly on how the TF will impact the current discussion about	

		alternative forest management, carbon sequestration as well as biodiversity preservation. Absence of clarity of operational aspects Need to include more expert from global south particularly from Africa Are they planning to include also tropical areas that may be very different? Unclear objectives. Focusing on global north not sure what publication in a more popular form means but policy engagement will take much more than a nice pub I suggest clarifying the contributions to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy Involvement of representatives from other regions should be further considered. Gender diversity should be further considered	
19. Capacity Development for Youth Empowermen t and Stewardship	The TF aims to develop quality education for future professionals in forestry globally Important subject on youth education. A good opportunity to bring the youths to lead Emphasizes inclusive education and the integration of Indigenous knowledge, broadening the scope and impact of forest education. Focus on training of professional foresters. Led by IFSA. Leverages partnerships between IUFRO and IFSA, enhancing resource sharing and networking opportunities. The IUFRO-IFSA partnership is a very rich one, and holds strategic value Directly targets youth engagement, fostering a new generation of forest professionals equipped to tackle climate and biodiversity challenges. Clear activities Potential to strengthen inter-discipline collaboration; Potential to contribute IUFRO Strategy; Young scientists/students involvement	Governance not well defined. Divisions not contacted. IUFRO divisions to work with not identified Too vague and broad and seems repeat the previous TF Nothing innovative Funding unclear TF team not mentioned. From the description it remains unclear who particularly are involved with the TF. the TF aims to develop a forest education curriculum but is not clear who would be running the curriculum Taskforce members are not indicated Geographic and gender diversity should also be considered in next steps. Specific deliverables should be further considered. Outcomes are subjective.	YES

		In case the existing educational institutions resist adopting new curricula or methodologies, hindering progress, it is not clear on how this potential difficulty will be leverage Elaborate more on across divisionally approach is use in this TF Curriculum development may not be a realistic product as each country has its own particularities Lack of divisional engagement No clear cross-divisional work, or divisional involvement. It looks very much like a topic for an MoU. It might be worth analyzing whether this should be a TF or it would be better to carry out these activities within the framework of an MoU. It would be necessary to clarify the contributions to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy.	
20. Forestry- pulp-paper integration in developing countries	The Task Force aims to address bottlenecks in forestry-pulp-paper integration in developing countries by sharing experiences, promoting advanced technologies, and enhancing international dialogue among diverse stakeholders, thereby supporting sustainable industry development amid the challenges of greening and decarbonization policies Mentions collaboration across divisions to study pulp and paper. Emerging issue, with cross-division requirement Potential to contribute to the broader policy process and IUFRO Strategy;	Interesting but limited to a particular product Poorly written with minimal description on activities and governance A controversial topic in developing countries Lacks funding, and outputs are not target specific Narrow scope; good focus for a working party T The question on how the proposed Task Force will strengthen cross-Divisional interaction on specified topics related to IUFRO Strategy's Thematic Areas and/or Institutional Goals, and how the Task Force will complement and/or expand activities of existing IUFRO Divisional units, should be answered For me the concept note is not well prepared. Taskforce members are not indicated No description of specific proposed Task Force activities, deliverables and timelines. Absence of clarity of operational aspects Need to include more expert from global south particularly from Africa It does not list the countries of focus	NO

		More specific division involvement needed; no information on how other Divisions will participate. More geographic and gender consideration in membership needed Needs to clarify what the deliverables would be and their timeline. Needs to clarify the linkages with IUFRO Strategy. In spite of pointing to cross-divisional work, it is unclear that the proposed general activities would require a TF.	
		There is a pulp-paper unit already in the IUFRO structure	
		There is no information on the proponents	
21. The New Bauhaus – Global Wood- based	Important societal topic The TF aims to promote the use of wood in the building industry to speed-up the realization of the circular economy Focuses on cutting-edge scientific knowledge and technologies to enhance the use of wood in construction, promoting long-term carbon storage and	European focused The goals are not well defined and appear not easily reached within the time-period given Activities and governance not clear The proposal is just general	Yes = No
Reconstructin g for a Future of People and the Planet in Well-Being	ecosystem benefits Important and relevant effort that build on experiences in Europe with circular economy A very relevant topic in a challenging time to achieve Net- zero targets and climate resilience If they secure funding then it is an ok project	Too broad and ambiguous objectives and activities make it difficult to understand the purpose of the TF and what it aims to achieve. There is no concrete plan outlining how the participating IUFRO units will collaborate and contribute to the task force's objectives	
	Identifies linkages across IUFRO Research groups and working parties. "Will not only serve as a catalyst for strengthened IUFRO networking and inter-Divisional collaboration but also adresses directly a number of UN- SDGs" Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter-discipline collaboration;	Too many collaborations between IUFRO divisions without concrete action plan It is unclear who the additional members of the TF are and how they will contribute to reaching the goals of the TF. Budget is not indicated	
	Potential to contribute IUFRO Strategy and broader policy process; Addresses climate change and sustainability on a global scale, aligning with various UN Sustainable Development Goals and the New European Bauhaus initiative	Taskforce members are not clearly indicated It seems that the group of experts has not been contacted yet.	
	Young and Early career scientists involvement considered Good team and probably with bright future	Although it mentions several units, the names of the participants are missing. Due to the nature of the topic, it would be nice to have an	
	Task Force incorporates a wide range of stakeholders, including scientists, practitioners, policymakers, and NGOs, ensuring comprehensive perspectives and expertise.	activity for a policy brief. The proposal needs to inform us how the findings will be translated to policymakers	

	Cross-divisional work This is a very interesting task force, considering that wood production is a source of carbon emissions. It would be nice to know more about wood as carbon storage and how that boosts wood production in developing countries.	The effectiveness of proposed policies and innovations may be hindered by existing regulatory frameworks and resistance to change. Assessing the long-term effectiveness of the Task Force's initiatives in achieving sustainability goals may be challenging due to varying contexts and metrics across regions. important to include Division 3 Needs to clarify gender and geographical balance More information on the expected outcomes would be useful, as well as on the timeline and activities. I suggest including information on the contribution to/linkages with IUFRO Strategy	
22. Integrated Forest Management as an adaptive concept to improve multifunction ality and biodiversity in forests across the globe	The TF aims to integrate biodiversity into forest management concepts arguing that this is underemphasized in current management concepts. They envision to develop and promote the concept of integrated forest management. The topic seems relevant Important in addressing problems on biodiversity conservation; Interesting as Forest Management is key in face on climate change and degradation Emerging issue, hopefully transform forest management into next era involves members from IUFRO Divisions 1, 6, 8, and Activities in the frame of the Transformit project The connection to the Horizon 2020 project makes the goals obtainable. might support an initial phase of task force efforts. Multi-division involved. Potential to strengthen inter-divisional and inter- discipline cooperation; Potential to contribute IUFRO Strategy and broader policy process; Potential to expand cooperation beyond IUFRO; Objectives clearly indicated Involves a diverse range of experts, including those from East Asia, promoting cross-cultural knowledge exchange and collaboration.	The objectives need to be revised to be made consistent with previous sections, very much focused on European issues. Needs to further clarify the activities, timeline and outcomes in the full proposal The proposal is trying to include social science, which does not reflect in its overall objective unless they have 'real' social scientist (not forest ecologist) in TF team It is not clear what the difference is with many IUFRO units and divisions. Subject too broad for a Task force. Division coordinators not contacted Outputs vague and too broad Too many collaborators without explicitly mentioning their roles in the project More specific activities and deliverables with clear timelines needed in next steps; The TF misses out on the dimensions of forest health and social science in their approach. Forest health should be an essential component of integrated forest management with a strong link to biodiversity. The participation of	More Yes than NO

Emphasizes a holistic view of forest management, aligning ecological, economic, and social objectives to enhance biodiversity and ecosystem services.	scientists with expertise in acceptance of new concepts and methods and their implementation are of utmost importance for the success of the concept 'integrated forest management'
	Deliverables are not indicated
	More representatives from Asia and Africa should be involved
	Reliance on funding and support from the TRANSFORMIT project may limit the Task Force's autonomy and sustainability in the long term.
	The integrative approach may be difficult to implement consistently across varying regional contexts and stakeholder interests.
	Focused on Europe but IFM is very much needed in the tropics and global South
	Limited cross-divisional collaboration. Mainly Divisions 1 and 4. Other divisions could potentially participate.
	I am not an expert in the field, but I am a forester. Does not this task force repeat what we do every day?